

MPX 110

24-BIT DUAL CHANNEL PROCESSOR

User Guide

lexicon

H A Harman International Company

CE COMPLIANCE INFORMATION (FOR EUROPEAN MARKET)

EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and Amendment 92/31/EEC, Class B Digital Device.

EN 50081-1, Generic Emissions Standard for Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial Products.

(EN 55022/CISPR 22, Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics Information Technology Equipment.) *Warning: This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.*

EN 50082-1, Generic Immunity Standard for Residential, Commercial and Light Industrial Products.

(IEC 801-2, IEC 801-3, IEC 801-4)

Directive EMC 89/336/CEE et amendement 92/31/CEE, dispositif numérique de Classe B.

EN 50081-1, Norme sur les émissions génériques pour les produits domestiques, commerciaux et industriels légers.

(EN 55022/CISPR 22, Limites et méthodes de mesure des caractéristiques d'interférences radiophoniques, Matériel des technologies de l'information.) *Mise en garde: ceci est un produit de Classe B. Il risque produire des interférences radiophoniques dans un environnement domestique auquel cas l'utilisateur peut se voir demandé de prendre des mesures adéquates.*

EN 50082-1, Norme sur l'immunité générique pour produits domestiques, commerciaux et industriels légers.

(CEI 801-2, CEI 801-3, CEI 801-4)

EMC Richtlinie 89/336/EEC und Änderung 92/31/EEC, Digitales Gerät der Klasse B.

EN 50081-1, Allgemeiner Emissions - Standard für Haushalt - und kommerzielle Produkte sowie Erzeugnisse der Leichtindustrie.

(EN 55022/CISPR 22, Beschränkungen und Verfahren der Messung von informationstechnischen Ausrüstungen mit Funkstörmerkmalen.)

Warnung: Dies ist ein Erzeugnis der Klasse B. Dieses Erzeugnis kann Funkstörungen im Wohnbereich verursachen; in diesem Fall können entsprechende Maßnahmen seitens des Benutzers erforderlich sein.

EN 50082-1, Allgemeiner Unempfindlichkeits - Standard für Haushalt - und kommerzielle Produkte sowie Erzeugnisse der Leichtindustrie.

(IEC 801-2, IEC 801-3, IEC 801-4)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

1. Re-orient the receiving antenna.
 2. Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
 3. Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected,.
 4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
- The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to ensure compliance with FCC regulations.
 - Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

lexicon

A Harman International Company

Lexicon, Inc.
3 Oak Park
Bedford, MA 01730-1441 USA
Tel 781-280-0300
Fax 781-280-0490
www.lexicon.com

Customer Support

Tel 781-280-0300
Fax 781-280-0495 (Sales)
Fax 781-280-0499 (Service)

© 2001 Lexicon, Inc. All rights reserved.

This document should not be construed as a commitment on the part of Lexicon, Inc. The information it contains is subject to change without notice. Lexicon, Inc. assumes no responsibility for errors that may appear within this document.

Introduction

US	Important User Information	iv
PT	Informação de Usuário importante	v
DE	Wichtiger Benutzer Information	vi
ES	La Información del Usuario importante	vii
FR	L'Information de l'Utilisateur importante	viii
IT	Informazioni di Utente importanti	ix

Section 1: Getting Started

About the MPX 110	1-2
<i>Highlights</i>	
Front Panel Overview	1-4
Rear Panel Overview	1-6
Setting Audio Levels	1-8
Making Audio Connections	1-9
<i>Headphones • Footswitch</i>	
Reinitialization	1-11

Section 2: Basic Operation

Adjust	2-2
Selecting Programs	2-2
<i>SINGLE Programs • DUAL Programs • User Programs</i>	
Editing Programs	2-4
Storing Programs	2-4
Tap Tempo	2-5
<i>Varying Rhythm • Audio Tap • Global Tempo</i>	
Bypass	2-6

Section 3: System Mode

Overview	3-2
System Mode Parameters	3-3

Section 4: Program Descriptions

Single Programs	4-2
<i>Plate • Gate • Hall • Chamber • Ambience • Room • Tremolo • Rotary • Chorus • Flange • Pitch • Detune • Delay, Echo • Special FX</i>	
Dual Programs	4-20
<i>Overview • Effects Lvl/Bal • Flange-Delay • Pitch-Delay • Chorus-Delay • Delay-Reverb • Flange-Reverb • Pitch-Reverb • Chorus-Reverb</i>	
User Programs	4-36

Section 5: MIDI Operation

Learn Mode	5-2
Program Load Channel	5-3
Program Change Messages	5-4
<i>Loading Programs • Activating Tap and Bypass Functions</i>	
Learning Continuous Controllers	5-6
Clearing a Learned Assignment	5-7

Section 5: MIDI Operation (continued)

MIDI Clock	5-8
MIDI Dumps	5-8
MIDI SYSEX Messages	5-9
Permanent MIDI Patches	5-9
MIDI Implementation Chart	5-12

Appendix

Specifications	A-2
Declaration of Conformity	A-3

Index

US *Important User Information*

Lexicon is pleased to present its user guides on CD-ROM. By utilizing CD-ROM technology we are able to provide our documentation in multiple languages.

The printed edition of the user guide is in English only. The enclosed CD-ROM includes the user guide in multiple languages (Spanish, French, Italian, German, and Portuguese) in easy-to-use PDF format. The CD-ROM also includes Adobe® Acrobat® Readers for both PC and Macintosh platforms, enabling printing of all or any part of the documents. In addition, we have included dry audio tracks for product demonstrations. (Track 1 contains non-audio data.)

Please take a moment to read through the important safety information. For additional information about Lexicon, Inc., our products and support, please visit our web site at www.lexicon.com.

Unpacking and Inspection

After unpacking the unit, save all packing materials in case you ever need to ship the unit. Thoroughly inspect the modules and packing materials for signs of damage. Report any damage to the carrier at once; report equipment malfunction to your dealer.

PT *Informação de Usuário importante*

Nós somos agradados para apresentar nossos guias de usuário em CD-ROM. Utilizando tecnologia de CD-ROM nós podemos prover nossa documentação em idiomas múltiplos.

A edição impresso do guia de usuário só está em inglês. O CD-ROM incluso inclui o guia de usuário em idiomas múltiplos (espanhol, francês, italiano, alemão, e português) em formato de PDF fácil-de-usar. O CD-ROM também inclui os Adobe® Acrobat® Reader para PC e plataformas de Macintosh que habilitam impressão de tudo ou qualquer parte dos documentos.

Por favor leve um momento para ler do princípio ao fim a informação de segurança importante contve à frente deste manual antes de instalar o CD-ROM. Para informação adicional sobre Lexicon, Inc., nossos produtos, e apóia, por favor visite nosso local de teia a www.lexicon.com.

Desempacotando e Inspeção

Depois de desempacotar a unidade, economiza todos os materiais de embalagem no caso de você já precisa transportar a unidade. Completamente inspecione os módulos e empacotando materiais para sinais de dano. Informe qualquer dano imediatamente ao portador; mau funcionamento de equipamento de relatório para seu negociante.

DE *Wichtige Benutzer information*

Lexicon ist erfreut, seine Benutzerhandbücher nun auch auf CD-ROM vorlegen zu können. Durch den Einsatz von CD-ROM-Technologie können wir unsere Dokumentation in verschiedenen Sprachen zur Verfügung stellen.

Die gedruckte Ausgabe des Benutzerhandbuchs ist nur in englischer Sprache verfügbar. Die beigelegte CD-ROM enthält das Benutzerhandbuch in verschiedenen Sprachen (spanisch, französisch, italienisch, deutsch und portugiesisch) im leicht zu benutzenden PDF-Format. Die CD-ROM enthält auch Adobe® Acrobat® Reader sowohl für PC wie auch für Macintosh; mit ihm ist es möglich, das gesamte Dokument oder Teile davon auszudrucken. Darüber hinaus befinden sich auf der CD-ROM Audio-Tracks zur Produktdemonstration. (Track 1 enthält keine Audio-Daten.)

Nehmen Sie sich bitte einen Augenblick Zeit und lesen Sie die wichtigen Sicherheitshinweise. Weitere Informationen über Lexicon, Inc., sowie über unsere Produkte und unseren Support finden Sie auf unserem Website unter www.lexicon.com.

Auspacken und Überprüfung

Bewahren Sie nach dem Auspacken des Geräts das Verpackungsmaterial für den Fall auf, dass Sie das Gerät wieder versenden müssen. Überprüfen Sie die Module und die Verpackung sorgfältig auf Anzeichen von Beschädigung. Etwaige Schäden sind dem Transporteur unverzüglich anzuzeigen; Funktionsstörungen sind dem zuständigen Händler zu melden.

ES Información importante para el usuario

Lexicon se complace en presentar sus manuales de usuario en CD-ROM. Gracias a la utilización de la tecnología de CD-ROM, nosotros podemos ofrecer nuestra documentación en múltiples idiomas.

La edición impresa del manual del usuario sólo está disponible en inglés. El CD-ROM que se entrega incluye el manual del usuario en múltiples idiomas (español, francés, italiano, alemán y portugués) en formato PDF. El CD-ROM también incluye Adobe® Acrobat® Readers para plataformas tanto PC como Macintosh, lo cual permite la impresión de todos o parte de los documentos. Además, hemos incluido pistas de audio sin efectos para demostraciones de los productos. (La pista 1 contiene información que no es de audio.)

Dedique unos momentos a leer la información de seguridad importante. Si desea información adicional acerca de Lexicon, Inc., nuestros productos o nuestra asistencia, visite nuestro sitio web en www.lexicon.com.

Desembalaje e inspección

Después de desembalar la unidad, guarde todos los materiales de embalaje por si alguna vez transportar la unidad. Inspeccione con atención los módulos y los materiales de embalaje para comprobar que no muestren desperfectos. Informe inmediatamente de cualquier desperfecto al transportista; informe de cualquier problema de funcionamiento del equipo a su distribuidor.

FR Important - Informations utilisateur

Nous sommes fiers de présenter nos modes d'emploi en version CD-ROM. L'utilisation des CD-ROM nous permettent de décliner nos manuels en plusieurs langues.

La version imprimée de ce manuel existe uniquement en anglais. Le CD-ROM regroupe les versions espagnole, française, italienne, allemande et portugaise au format PDF. Le CD-ROM comprend également Adobe® Acrobat® Reader pour PC et Macintosh, ce qui vous permet d'imprimer les documents en toute ou partie. De plus, nous avons ajouté des pistes audio sans traitement pour la démonstration du produit (la piste 1 contient des données non audio).

Prenez le temps de lire les informations relatives à la sécurité. Pour obtenir de plus amples informations sur Lexicon, Inc., nos produits et notre service clientèle, consultez notre site web à l'adresse : www.lexicon.com.

Contenu de l'emballage et inspection

Après avoir ouvert l'emballage, conservez-le pour tout retour. Inspectez avec soin les modules et les matériaux d'emballage pour tout signe de dommage. Veuillez rapporter immédiatement les dommages auprès du transporteur. Les dysfonctionnements du matériel doivent être signalés à votre revendeur.

IT *Importanti informazioni per l'utente*

Lexicon è lieta di presentare i propri manuali su CD-ROM. Utilizzando la tecnologia su CD-ROM siamo stati capaci offrire la nostra documentazione in più lingue.

L'edizione stampata del manuale è solamente in inglese. Il CD-ROM contiene il manuale in diverse lingue (Spagnolo, Francese, Italiano, Tedesco, e Portoghese) in formato PDF, facile da utilizzare.

Il CD-ROM include anche Adobe,, Acrobat, Reader per PC e per Macintosh, rendendo possibile la stampa di tutta la documentazione. Inoltre Sono incluse tracce audio per dimostrazioni del prodotto. (La Traccia 1 contiene dati non audio).

Si prega di prendere un momento per leggere le importanti norme di sicurezza. Per ulteriori informazioni riguardo Lexicon, Inc., i nostri prodotti e la nostra assistenza, visiti il nostro sito internet www.lexicon.com.

Disimballaggio ed ispezione

Dopo aver disimballato l'unità, salvi tutto il materiale d'imballaggio, in caso Lei abbia bisogno di spedire l'unità. Ispezioni attentamente i moduli ed il materiale d'imballaggio per vedere se riportano segni di danno. Riporti subito ogni segno di danno al corriere; riferisca il malfunzionamento dell'attrezzatura al suo rivenditore.



Getting Started

About the MPX 110	1-2
<i>Highlights</i>	
Front Panel Overview	1-4
Rear Panel Overview	1-6
Setting Audio Levels.....	1-8
Making Audio Connections	1-9
<i>Headphones • Footswitch</i>	
Reinitialization.....	1-11

ABOUT THE MPX 110

Thank you for purchasing the MPX 110 Dual Channel Processor, featuring Lexicon's proprietary Lexichip®.

The MPX 110 is a true stereo, dual-channel processor with 24-bit internal processing, analog-to-digital conversion, and digital-to-analog conversion. It offers 240 presets with classic Lexicon reverbs, including Plate, Chamber, Ambience, Tremolo, Rotary, Chorus, Flange, Pitch, Detune, 5.7 second Delay, Echo, and Inverse. Dual-channel processing creates two independent effects in combinations such as Dual Stereo (Parallel), Cascade, Mono Split, and Dual Mono.

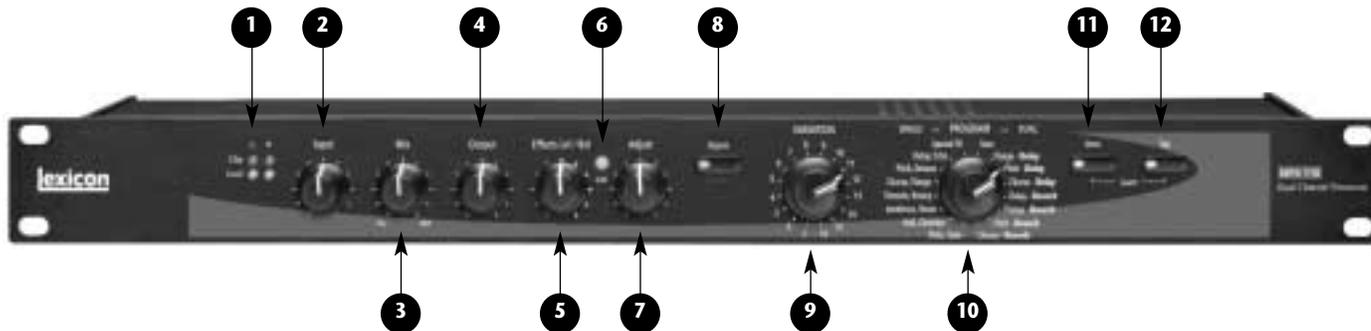
The front panel Adjust knob allows instant manipulation of critical preset parameters, and the Effects Lvl/Bal knob controls effect level in SINGLE programs or effect balance in DUAL programs. All programs can be selected with the PROGRAM and VARIATION knobs. The PROGRAM knob selects SINGLE, DUAL, or User programs, while the VARIATION knob selects among 16 program variations.

Tap Tempo simplifies the once-complicated process of matching delay times and modulation rates between tempo-based presets and other music. Tempo-controlled delays and modulation rates lock to Tap or MIDI clock. In addition, Tap can be controlled using audio input, a dual footswitch, the front panel Tap button, or an external MIDI controller using MIDI Continuous Controller or Program Change messages.

The MPX 110 features Learn Mode, a powerful editing tool that allows MIDI patching of five front panel controls. Standard Continuous Controller and Program Change messages provide complete control over Bypass, Effects Lvl/Bal, Mix, Tap, and even Adjust.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Lexicon's proprietary Lexichip
- World-class Lexicon reverb
- 24-bit internal processing
- 24-bit analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog conversion
- 240 presets
- 16 User programs
- 44.1K S/PDIF output
- Simultaneous analog and digital outputs
- Independent processing of each input
- DUAL programs that create two independent effects with four routing configurations
- Dual effects that combine Delay with Reverb, or either Delay or Reverb with Chorus, Flange, or Pitch
- Multiple delay, modulation, and pitch effects
- Tap Tempo
- Full MIDI control
- High-impedance inputs for instruments
- Two-stage headroom indicators
- Headphone output
- Software-selectable MIDI OUT/THRU port
- Push-button or footswitch selection of dry or muted audio output
- 20Hz-20kHz±1dB frequency response

FRONT PANEL OVERVIEW**1. Clip and Level LEDs**

Indicate incoming signal levels. The Level LEDs remain unlit when the incoming signal is more than 30dB below overload. The Clip LEDs light red when the signal approaches overload (-2.5dB). When a signal level is acceptable, the Level LEDs will light green almost continuously and the Clip LEDs will flash red on the loudest passages. See page 1-8 for more information about setting audio levels.

2. Input

Sets the level of the incoming signal. The Clip and Level LEDs indicate acceptable signal levels.

3. Mix

Controls the ratio of processed (Wet) to unprocessed (Dry) audio signals.

4. Output

Sets analog output levels.

5. Effects Lvl/Bal

Sets effect level in SINGLE programs or effect balance in DUAL programs.

6. Edit LED

Lights to indicate that a program has been modified but not stored, and flashes to indicate MIDI activity. (See page 2-4 for more information about editing programs.)

7. Adjust

Controls the most relevant parameters for the selected program variation.

8. Bypass

Mutes or bypasses the incoming signal, depending on the setting of the Bypass parameter. Press and hold for 2 seconds to access System Mode parameters.

9. VARIATION

Selects program variations when the PROGRAM knob is set to a SINGLE or DUAL program. Selects memory locations for storing User programs when the PROGRAM knob is set to User.

10. PROGRAM

Selects SINGLE, DUAL, or User programs.

11. Store

Activates the store function for User programs. When pressed with Tap, activates MIDI Learn Mode.

12. Tap

Flashes to indicate that a tempo-based program is selected. When pressed twice, sets tempo. When pressed and held, uses input level to determine tempo. When pressed with Store, activates MIDI Learn Mode.

REAR PANEL OVERVIEW

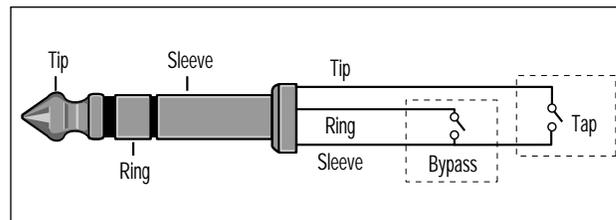


1. POWER

Supplies power to the unit. Utilizes a Lexicon 1.9A, 9VAC power pack.

2. FOOTSWITCH

Allows footswitch control of front panel Bypass and Tap functions. A 1/4 inch Tip/Ring/Sleeve connector for a momentary contact footswitch is available.



3. MIDI IN, OUT/THRU

Provide MIDI operation capabilities. Two 5-pin DIN MIDI connectors are available for MIDI IN and software-selectable MIDI OUT/THRU.

4. S/PDIF OUT

Provides digital audio output. One RCA S/PDIF connector is available.

5. ANALOG OUTPUTS

Provide analog audio output. Two unbalanced, single-ended stereo output connectors are available. Both offer typical output levels of +8dBu. Use the RIGHT (MONO) output for mono output. If no connection is made to the RIGHT (MONO) output, the LEFT (PHONES) output can be used to drive headphones at a modest volume.

6. ANALOG INPUTS

Provide analog audio input. Two unbalanced, single-ended stereo input connectors are available. Both accept levels as low as -30dBu. Input impedance is 500k Ω . These can be used as direct inputs for guitars. Use the RIGHT (MONO) input for mono sources.

SETTING AUDIO LEVELS

1. Begin with the Input knob set to the 9:00 o'clock position.
2. Set the instrument or effects sends to a modest output level.
3. Begin playing or sending audio to the MPX 110. The Level LEDs should light green. If the Clip LEDs light red, reduce the output level of the instrument or effects sends until the Clip LEDs do not light during the loudest passages.
4. Continue to play or send audio to the MPX 110. Gradually increase the Input knob setting until the Clip LEDs light red on the loudest passages.
5. Set the Mix knob to Dry.
6. Set the Output knob to the desired level.

7. If utilizing console sends and returns, set the Mix knob to Wet. If utilizing an instrument amplifier, set the Mix knob to the 12:00 o'clock position.

The Level LEDs will not light when the incoming signal is more than 30dB below overload. The Clip LEDs light red when the signal approaches overload (-2.5dB). When an acceptable signal is present, the Level LEDs will light green almost continuously and the Clip LEDs will flash red on the loudest passages.

Note:

As with all audio products, it is good practice to first power on all outboard equipment, then the mixer, then the speakers.

MAKING AUDIO CONNECTIONS

The INPUT and OUTPUT connectors on the MPX 110 are 1/4 inch unbalanced sockets. Connections should be made utilizing high-quality shielded cables with 1/4 inch Tip/Sleeve phone plugs at the end connected to the unit.

The unit produces effects from either mono or stereo sources. For mono sources, use the R (MONO) INPUT. For instruments and stereo sources, use both inputs. It is recommended to use stereo outputs whenever stereo inputs are used. Use the R (MONO) OUTPUT connector if mono output is required. The left and right input signals are combined internally when only the (R) MONO OUTPUT connector is used.

HEADPHONES

The L (PHONES) OUTPUT supplies a stereo signal adequate to drive headphones, provided no connections exist at the R (MONO) OUTPUT. This feature is included for convenience and practice purposes. It is intended to provide modest volume.

FOOTSWITCH

A footswitch connected to the rear panel FOOTSWITCH connector can be used to control front panel Tap and Bypass functions. A momentary footswitch can be wired to a Tip/Ring/Sleeve connector or a stereo Y-connector, which allows two identical switches to be used.

Note:

Power off the unit prior to connecting the footswitch. Otherwise, Bypass functions will be enabled.

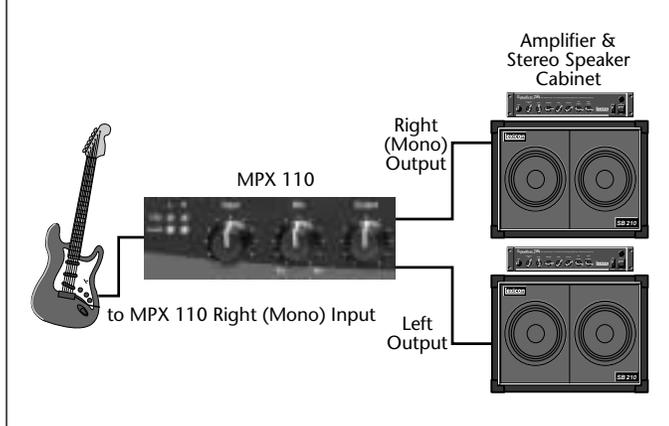
Dual-Function Footswitch

A dual-function footswitch with a set of labels to indicate Tap and Bypass functionality is available at Lexicon dealers or at www.lexicon.com.

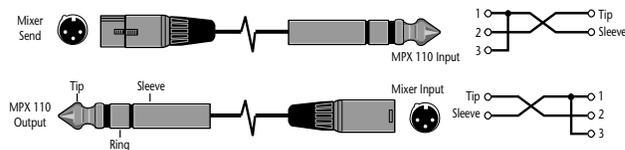


The MPX 110 can be used as two independent effects processors with DUAL Program variations 11 to 16. Designate two auxiliary sends on the console. Connect these to the unit - one to the LEFT input and the other to the RIGHT (MONO) input. See *Section 4: Program Descriptions* to take advantage of this configuration.

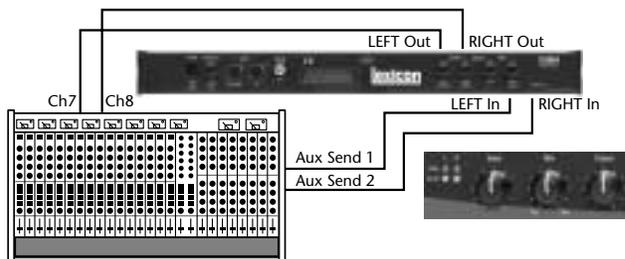
Connecting to a Mono Guitar Input with Mono or Stereo Amplifiers



Connecting to a Balanced Console



Connecting to a Dual Processor Setup with a Console



REINITIALIZATION

The procedure below outlines the process to reinitialize the unit. When reinitialized, the unit will restore all System Mode parameters to their factory-default settings; replace all User programs with factory-default presets; and clear all Learned Patches.

To reinitialize the unit:

1. While powering the unit on, press and hold the front panel Store button until the Store and Tap LEDs flash quickly.
2. To cancel reinitialization without affecting the unit, press either the Tap or Bypass button.
3. To reinitialize the unit, press the Store button.
4. After reinitialization, restart the unit - power it off, then on again.

Note:

Reinitialization will cause the unit to:

- *Restore all System Mode parameters to their factory-default settings.*
 - *Replace all User programs with factory-default presets. (See the table on page 4-36.)*
 - *Clear all Learned Patches.*
-

2

Basic Operation

Adjust	2-2
Selecting Programs	2-2
<i>SINGLE Programs • DUAL Programs • User Programs</i>	
Editing Programs	2-4
Storing Programs	2-4
Tap Tempo.....	2-5
<i>Varying Rhythm • Audio Tap • Global Tempo</i>	
Bypass.....	2-6

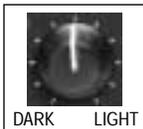
ADJUST



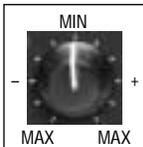
The Adjust knob (pictured at the left) has been customized for each individual program, and in most cases controls several parameters at once to handle complicated editing processes. For instance, Adjust controls the “liveness” of space in many Chamber and Room programs by changing decay, EQ, and early reflections simultaneously.

The behavior of the Adjust knob is also customized for different functions:

- It can act as a linear control, at its minimum value when set to the 7:00 o'clock position and its maximum value when set to the 5:00 o'clock position.



- It can act as a bipolar control, at its minimum value when set to the 12:00 o'clock position, like a cut/boost EQ control.



SELECTING PROGRAMS

All programs can be selected with the front panel PROGRAM and VARIATION knobs (pictured below). The PROGRAM knob selects either a SINGLE, DUAL, or User program. SINGLE program selections are arranged around the left side of the knob; DUAL and User program selections are arranged around the right side of the knob. The VARIATION knob selects among 16 program variations, arranged around the knob.



SINGLE PROGRAMS

When the PROGRAM knob is set to a SINGLE program:

- VARIATION knob settings 1 to 8 will load eight variations of the first effect.

- VARIATION knob settings 9 to 16 will load eight variations of the second effect.
- See pages 4-2 to 4-19 for more information about SINGLE programs.

For example, when Plate, Gate is selected:

- VARIATION knob settings 1 to 8 will load eight different Plate program variations.
- VARIATION knob settings 9 to 16 will load eight different Gate program variations.

When Special FX is selected:

- VARIATION knob settings 1 to 16 will each load one program.
- See page 4-18 for more information.

DUAL PROGRAMS

When the PROGRAM knob is set to a DUAL program:

- VARIATION knob settings 1 to 16 load 16 different program variations. Each program contains both effects.
- See pages 4-20 to 4-35 for more information about DUAL programs.

USER PROGRAMS

When the PROGRAM knob is set to User:

- VARIATION knob settings 1 to 16 will each load one memory location available for storing User programs. When shipped, these locations will contain duplicates of presets.
- See page 4-36 for more information about User programs.

*SINGLE
Programs*



*DUAL
Programs*



*User
Programs*



EDITING PROGRAMS

The front panel Adjust and Effects Lvl/Bal knobs can both be used to edit programs. The Adjust knob provides instant manipulation of critical program parameters. These parameters are arranged under the knob, meaning that just one turn is all that is required to customize a program to personal taste. The Effects Lvl/Bal knob can be used to control effect level in SINGLE programs, or effect balance in DUAL programs.

The unit recognizes changes made with either knob as edits. When edits are made, the front panel Edit LED will light to indicate that the selected program has been modified but not stored.

Use the Adjust knob to edit the selected program, and the Effects Lvl/Bal knob to control effect level in SINGLE programs or effect balance in DUAL Programs. The Edit LED will light to indicate that the selected program has been modified from its stored state.



STORING PROGRAMS

To store a program in a User memory location:

1. Press the Store button. The Store LED will flash slowly to indicate that the store function is activated.
2. To cancel the store function without saving the program, make sure the PROGRAM knob is not set to User, then press the Store button again.
3. To continue saving the program, set the PROGRAM knob to User.
4. Set the VARIATION knob to select one of the 16 User memory locations.
5. Press the Store button to save the program to the selected location. The Store LED will flash quickly until the store process is complete. The Edit LED will no longer be lit when the saved version becomes the selected program.



CAUTION

When new programs are stored in a User memory location, programs that were previously stored at that location will be automatically replaced.

TAP TEMPO**VARYING RHYTHM**

Tap Tempo can be used to match the delay times and modulation rates of tempo-based programs with those of the music. The Tap button LED will flash whenever a tempo-based preset is loaded. To set tempo from the front panel, press the Tap button (pictured at the right) twice in time with the music. It is not required to enter what could be the delay time in milliseconds. Just press the Tap button twice, and the unit will calculate the appropriate delay time. To change tempo, press the Tap button twice again in the new rhythm.

**AUDIO TAP**

To use audio input to set tempo:

1. Press and hold the Tap button for 2 seconds. (The optional dual footswitch allows the musician to remain in contact with the instrument while pressing and holding the Tap button.)
2. While holding the Tap button, play two short notes in rhythm, then release the Tap button.
3. The unit will automatically calculate tempo based on the time lapse between the two notes.

Audio tap is a must for live performances. It offers a simple method of setting delay times and modulation rates to match the music.

GLOBAL TEMPO

Most factory presets are stored with individual tempo rates, which can be customized to suit personal taste. Tap in the new tempo, then store the modified version of the preset in a User memory location (see page 2-4).

To recall the tempo rate stored with each program, set the System Mode parameter Tempo Mode to Program. The unit will apply the individual tempo setting of each program as it is loaded. To apply the current tempo rate to all programs, set the System Mode parameter Tempo Mode to Global. The unit will ignore individual tempo settings and apply the current tempo setting to each program as it is loaded. (The Tap button LED will flash when a tempo-controlled program is loaded.)

BYPASS

The Bypass button (pictured at the right) can be used to mute audio or to force the unit to pass only dry, unprocessed audio. Its function depends on the setting of the System Mode parameter Bypass. When Bypass is set to Mute, the unit mutes the outputs. When Bypass is set to Bypass, the unit passes only dry, unprocessed audio to the outputs. Bypass functions can also be activated with a footswitch or MIDI control device (see pages 1-9 and 5-5).



The Bypass button also accesses System Mode parameters when pressed and held for 2-seconds. (See Section 3 for more information about System Mode.)

3



System Mode

Overview	3-2
System Mode Parameters.....	3-3

System Mode can be used to configure System Mode parameters, as well as to execute MIDI Dumps and access internal features. To enter System Mode, press and hold the front panel Bypass button for approximately 2 seconds. The Bypass and Store LEDs will flash slowly to indicate that System Mode is active.

The chart on the next page shows configurable System Mode parameters. The VARIATION knob selects the desired parameter for adjustment. Each setting and its corresponding parameter are shown on the chart on the next page. Settings 1 to 8 select System parameters. Settings 14 to 16 execute MIDI Dumps.

The Edit LED shows the current setting for the selected parameter (refer to the chart on the next page). Press the Store button to toggle the parameter setting or to execute a MIDI Dump.

When finished, reset the VARIATION knob to its original setting before System Mode was activated. Otherwise, a new program will be loaded based on this setting when System Mode is deactivated. Use the Tap LED to determine if the VARIATION knob has been reset; it will light when the knob is set to the last loaded program.

To exit System Mode, press the Bypass button. The Store LED will flash quickly to indicate that parameter settings have changed. (The Store LED will not flash if no changes were made.)

Descriptions of all System Mode parameters are available on pages 3-3 to 3-5.

SYSTEM MODE PARAMETERS

VARIATION Knob Setting	Parameter	Edit LED On 	Edit LED Off 
1	Bypass	Mute	Bypass *
2	MIDI Patching	Disabled	Enabled *
3	Program Load	Mute	Bypass *
4	Digital Output	Dry	Wet *
5	MIDI OUT/THRU	Out *	Thru
6	MIDI Pgm Change	Disabled	Enabled *
7	MIDI Clock Receive	Disabled	Enabled *
8	Tempo	Program *	Global
<i>MIDI Dumps</i>			
14	Dump User Programs		
15	Dump Selected Program		
16	Dump System and Learned Patches		

* Indicates factory-default setting

-
- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>1. Bypass Mute, Bypass</p> <p>Controls the front panel Bypass button, or the footswitch or MIDI control device assigned to Bypass. When set to Mute, the unit mutes audio. When set to Bypass, the unit bypasses processed audio, passing only dry, unprocessed audio to the outputs.</p> | <p>4. Digital Output Dry, Wet</p> <p>Determines what is sent to the unit's S/PDIF output. When set to Dry, the unit will bypass processed audio, sending only dry, unprocessed audio to the S/PDIF output. When set to Wet, the unit will send the processed audio signal (according to the Mix knob setting) to the S/PDIF output.</p> |
| <p>2. MIDI Patching Disable, Enable</p> <p>Activates and deactivates Learned Patches. When set to Disable, the unit will ignore all Learned Patches. When set to Enable, the unit will recognize all Learned Patches.</p> | <p>5. MIDI OUT/THRU Out, Thru</p> <p>Controls the function of the rear panel MIDI OUT/THRU connector. When set to Out, the unit will only send MIDI messages that originate from the unit, such as MIDI Dumps. When set to THRU, the unit will send, unmodified, messages received from the input.</p> |
| <p>3. Program Load Mute, Bypass</p> <p>Determines how the unit will process incoming audio signals when loading programs. When set to Mute, the unit will mute all audio during program load. When set to Bypass, the unit will pass only dry, unprocessed audio during program load.</p> | <p>6. MIDI Pgm Change Disable, Enable</p> <p>Determines whether or not the unit will recognize MIDI Program Change messages. When set to Disable, the unit will not recognize these messages. When set to Enable, the unit will recognize these messages.</p> |

-
- 7. MIDI Clock Receive** Disable, Enable
Determines whether or not the unit will use MIDI Clock messages to set tempo. When set to Disable, the unit will ignore these messages. When set to Enable, the unit will recognize these messages. (This parameter has no effect on programs that are not tempo-based.)
- 8. Tempo** Program, Global
Controls the application of tempo to tempo-based programs. When set to Program, the unit will apply the program-specific tempo of each program as it is loaded. When set to Global, the unit will maintain the current tempo that was entered by any means as programs are loaded. (This parameter has no effect on programs that are not tempo-based).
- 14. Dump User Programs**
Executes a MIDI Dump of User programs.
- 15. Dump Selected Program**
Executes a MIDI Dump of the currently active (or loaded) program.
- 16. Dump System and Learned Patches**
Executes a MIDI Dump of System Mode settings and Learned Patches.



Program Descriptions

SINGLE Programs	4-2
<i>Plate • Gate • Hall • Chamber • Ambience • Room • Tremolo • Rotary • Chorus • Flange • Pitch • Detune • Delay, Echo • Special FX</i>	
DUAL Programs	4-20
<i>Overview • Effects Lvl/Bal • Flange-Delay • Pitch-Delay • Chorus- Delay • Delay-Reverb • Flange-Reverb • Pitch-Reverb • Chorus-Reverb</i>	
User Programs.....	4-36

SINGLE PROGRAMS

PLATE

Plate reverb began with a large, thin sheet of metal suspended upright under tension on springs. Transducers attached to the plate transmitted a signal that made the plate vibrate, causing sounds broadcast through it to appear to be occurring in a large, open space.

The Plate programs synthesize the sound of metal plates with high initial diffusion and a relatively bright-colored sound. These programs are designed to be heard as part of the music, mellowing and thickening the sound. Plate programs are a popular choice for enhancing pop music, particularly percussion.

VARIATIONs	Adjust *	Tap
1 Small Plate	Liveness	–
2 Medium Plate	Liveness	–
3 Large Plate	Liveness	Predelay (1/32 Note)
4 Larger Plate	Decay Time	Predelay (1/32 Note)
5 Tape Slap Plate	±Decay/ 15 or 7.5ips **	–
6 Rich Plate	Decay Time	Predelay (1/32 Note)
7 Large Bright Plate	Decay Time	Predelay (1/32 Note)
8 Vocal Plate	Low Cut, Decay Time	Echo

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

** When the Adjust knob is set to the left of the 12:00 o'clock position, decay is 15ips. When the Adjust knob is set to the right of the 12:00 o'clock position, decay is 7.5ips.

GATE

Gated reverbs were created by feeding a reverb, such as a metal plate, through an analog gate device. Decay time was set to instant, while hold time varied duration and sound.

The Gate programs provide a fairly constant sound with no decay until the reverb is cut off abruptly. These programs work well on percussion, particularly on snare and toms. It is recommended to experiment with other sound sources as well.

VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap
9 Straight Gate	Duration **	–
10 Drum Gate	Duration **	–
11 Slope Down	Duration **	–
12 140ms Gate	High Cut	Predelay (1/32 Note)
13 240ms Gate	High Cut	Predelay (1/32 Note)
14 340ms Gate	High Cut	Predelay (1/32 Note)
15 440ms Gate	High Cut	Predelay (1/32 Note)
16 540ms Gate	High Cut	Predelay (1/32 Note)

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

** Audio will be briefly muted when Duration is altered with the Adjust knob.

HALL

Lexicon's Hall programs recreate the acoustics of actual places - from grand, reverberant enclosures to small concert halls.

The clean reverberation of Hall programs is designed to add spaciousness without altering source material. In addition to general instrumental and vocal applications, the Hall programs give separately recorded tracks a sense of belonging to the same performance.

VARIATIONs	Adjust *	Tap
1 Recital Hall	Decay	-
2 Small Church	Decay	-
3 Jazz Hall	Decay	-
4 Dance Hall	Decay	-
5 Synth Hall	Decay	-
6 Medium Hall	Decay	-
7 Large Hall	Decay	-
8 Large Church	Decay	-

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

CHAMBER

Historically, recording studio chambers were oddly shaped rooms with a loudspeaker and set of microphones to collect ambience in various parts of the room.

Stereo Chamber programs produce even, relatively dimensionless reverberation with little color change as sound decays. The initial diffusion is similar to Hall programs. However, the sense of size and space is much less obvious. This characteristic, coupled with the low color of the decay tail, makes these programs useful on a wide range of material - especially the spoken voice, to which Chamber programs add a noticeable increase in loudness with low color.

VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap
9 Brick Wall	Liveness	–
10 Basement	Liveness	–
11 Live Concert	Liveness	Eko Delay
12 Percussion 1	Liveness	–
13 Percussion 2	Liveness	–
14 Live Chamber	Liveness	–
15 Vocal 1	Liveness	Eko Delay
16 Vocal 2	Liveness	Eko Delay

* *The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.*

AMBIENCE

Ambience adds warmth, spaciousness, and depth to a performance without coloring its direct sound. It is commonly used to add a room sound to recorded music and speech. In music recording, Ambience can realistically add distance to close-mic'ed signals.

Ambience programs simulate reflections from room surfaces with random reflections, a gradual decay of overall level, and a gradual narrowing of bandwidth. In these programs, the Mix control adds depth - emulating the movement of a coincident pair of microphones away from the sound source into the room.

Variations 1 to 8 provide a series of rooms, increasing in size.

VARIATIONs	Adjust *	Tap
1 Voice Over	High Cut	–
2 Very Small Ambience	High Cut	–
3 Small Ambience	High Cut	–
4 Medium Ambience	High Cut	–
5 Studio D	High Cut	–
6 Bright Ambience	Decay Level	–
7 Dark Ambience	Decay Level	–
8 Marble Foyer	Liveness	–

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

ROOM

Room programs simulate actual rooms where there is a strong sense of being in a small, live place. These programs are useful on drums and percussion, and can also be applied to electric guitar tricks.

Variations 9 to 16 provide a series of rooms, increasing in size.

VARIATIONs	Adjust *	Tap
9 Bedroom	Wall Reflections	–
10 Tiled Room	Low-frequency Cut	–
11 Studio C	Liveness	–
12 Small Room	Liveness	–
13 Studio B	Decay Time	–
14 Rehearsal Room	High/Low Equalizer	–
15 Studio A	Decay Time	–
16 Large Room	High/Low Equalizer	–

* *The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.*

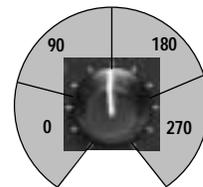
TREMOLO

Tremolo is a rhythmic change in loudness, commonly employed as an expressive technique by vocalists and wind instrument players. It is also one of the oldest electronic effects, frequently used with electric guitar, electric piano, and occasionally vocals. Different tremolo effects are largely determined by the rate (fast or slow) and waveform shape (smooth or sharp) of the change in loudness. If the effect is used in a stereo mix, the left and right can be synchronized to produce dramatic side-to-side motion.

The Tremolo programs offer classic tremolo shapes, such as square, sawtooth, triangle, sine, and rectified sine. The synchronization of the left and right channels can be adjusted to produce mono and stereo effects. The Tap button sets tremolo rates, making it simple to match the tempo of the music. The Adjust knob (phase) sets left and right channel waveforms out-of-phase, resulting in a panning motion.

Set the front panel Mix knob to Wet for all program variations. Mix can be used to effectively set the depth of the Tremolo program when more dry is added to the wet-to-dry mix. (Turn the knob to the right, moving its setting closer to Dry.) It is recommended to make the rate work with the tempo of the music, as Tremolo is essentially a rhythmic effect.

The Adjust knob can function as a four-position switch, selecting the amount of phase shift. When a setting is selected in the 0 range, no phase shift is applied. When a setting is selected in the other ranges, the indicated amount of phase shift is applied. Numbers indicate phase shift in degrees.



VARIATIONS	Adjust*	Tap
1 Rectified Sine Wave 	Rate: 0.4 to 15Hz	–
2 Square Wave 	Rate: 0.4 to 15Hz	–
3 Sawtooth Wave 	Rate: 0.4 to 15Hz	–
4 Rectified Sine Wave 	Sweep: ** 0, 90, 180, 270	Rate (1/4 Note)
5 Square Wave 	Sweep: ** 0, 90, 180, 270	Rate (1/4 Note)
6 Sawtooth Wave 	Sweep: ** 0, 90, 180, 270	Rate (1/4 Note)
7 Triangle Wave 	Sweep: ** 0, 90, 180, 270	Rate (1/4 Note)
8 Sine Wave 	Sweep: ** 0, 90, 180, 270	Rate (1/4 Note)

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

** The Adjust knob functions as a four-position switch in these variations. See page 4-8 for more information.

ROTARY

Rotary speaker cabinets were designed to provide a majestic vibrato/choir effect for electronic theater and church organs. The most well known rotary speaker is the Leslie™ Model 122, which has two counter-rotating elements: a high-frequency horn and a low-frequency rotor with slow and fast speeds. The sound generated as the spinning elements change speed is truly magical. The swirling, spacious effect is difficult to describe - but clearly recognize

The Rotary programs are a detailed simulation of a Leslie-style cabinet. The input signal is split into high and low-frequency bands. The rotation effect is created by a synchronized combination of pitch shifting, tremolo, and panning. Like the physical cabinet, the high (horn) and low (rotor) frequencies are “spun” in opposite directions. Horn and rotor speeds are independent, and designed with acceleration and deceleration characteristics to simulate the inertia of the original mechanical elements.

A virtual requirement for organ music, Rotary programs also sound remarkable with guitar and electric piano rhythm parts. In fact, these programs are great alternatives to chorus and tremolo effects for any sound source.

To achieve the full effect, set the front panel Mix knob to Wet for all variations of this program (9 to 16).

VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap
9 Rotary	Slow/Fast	–
10 Rotary	Slow/Fast, Width	–
11 Rotary	Slow/Fast, Balance	–
12 Slow Rotary	±Resonance *	–
13 Varispeed Rotary	Speed	–
14 Tap Rotary	Balance	Rate (1/4 Note)
15 Tap Rotary	Width	Rate (1/4 Note)
16 Tap Rotary	±Resonance *	Rate (1/4 Note)

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

CHORUS

Chorus effects create lush, full sounds by multiplying the original audio source. Traditionally, these effects were used to fatten up tracks and to add body to guitar without coloring the original tone. Chorus effects are also often combined with plates, echoes, and other reverb effects.

The stereo Chorus programs, inherited from Lexicon's PCM 80, create a rich, airy effect that simulates the sound of multiple sources from a single source. These programs are stunning on acoustic or clean-electric guitar.

These programs utilize six independently-randomized delay voices panned across the stereo field. Set the front panel Mix knob to Wet to achieve the full richness of the 6-voice chorus.

VARIATIONs	Adjust	Tap
1 Rich Chorus	± Resonance *	–
2 Rich Chorus	± Depth *	–
3 Rich Chorus	Rate	–
4 Rich Chorus	High Cut	–
5 Diffuse Chorus	Diffusion	–
6 Slap Chorus	Diffusion	–
7 Slap Chorus	± Resonance *	–
8 Slap Chorus	± Depth *	–

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

FLANGE

Flange effects were originally created by simultaneously recording and playing back two identical programs on two tape recorders, then using hand pressure against the flange of the tape reels to slow down first one machine, then the other. The result was a series of changing phase cancellations and reinforcements, with characteristic swishing, tunneling, and fading sounds.

The stereo Flanger has two 2-Tap delays - one per channel. The first tap is fixed, and the second sweeps past it. Mixing the two delay taps together creates the flanging effect.

Set the front panel Mix knob to Wet to achieve the full flange effect of these program variations.

VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap
9 Light Flange: in-phase sweep	\pm Resonance *	–
10 Light Flange out-of-phase sweep	\pm Resonance *	–
11 Light Flange in-phase sweep	Rate	–
12 Light Flange out-of-phase sweep	Rate	–
13 Deep Flange in-phase-sweep	\pm Resonance *	–
14 Deep Flange out-of-phase sweep	\pm Resonance *	–
15 Light Flange	Sweep: 0, 90, 180, 270 **	–
16 Deep Flange	Sweep: 0, 90, 180, 270 **	–

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

** The Adjust knob functions as a four-position switch in these variations. See page 4-8 for more information.

PITCH

Altering the pitch of a sound produces a wide range of effects - from subtle detunes, to harmonies, to chords. The stereo polyphonic Pitch programs can be used to shift program material or monophonic sources within a range of one octave up to two octaves down.

For pitch correction, set the front panel Mix knob to Wet. For harmonization, set the front panel Mix knob to the desired setting.

	VARIATIONs	Adjust*	Tap
1	Semi-tone Shift	-2 to +1 octaves *	–
2	Glide Shifter	±1 octave *	–
3	±100 cents	±100 cents *	–
4	Minor 3rd to 4th Harmony	Flat 3rd to 4th Up	–
5	4th/5th Harmony	4th to 5th Up	–
6	5th/6th Harmony	5th to 6th Up	–
7	2nd Inversion Triad	Minor/Major 3rd	–
8	Power Chords	Inversion	–

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

DETUNE

Detune effects add a delayed or pitch-shifted version of the original source, thickening the sound. This creates a particularly effective simulation of double-tracking. These effects are also great alternatives to Chorus effects, adding the richness of a chorus without the audible sweep caused by the chorus rate.

The 4-voice stereo Detune programs have one pair of voices per channel. As more detune is applied with the Adjust knob, the pair become more out of tune, providing a lush sound without the need for mixing in a dry signal.

Set the front panel Mix knob to Wet to achieve the full effect of these programs.

VARIATIONs	Adjust *	Tap
9 Mild	Detuning	–
10 Moderate	Detuning	–
11 Heavy	Detuning	–
12 FullRange	Detuning	–
13 Warm & Mild	Detuning	–
14 Warm & Moderate	Detuning	–
15 Warm & Heavy	Detuning	–
16 Slap Detuner	Detuning	–

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

DELAY, ECHO

Delays and echoes repeat a sound a short time after it first occurs. The simplest (and oldest) delay effect is tape slap - a single repeat about 100ms after the original sound. Tape slap was often used on Elvis Presley's voice and rockabilly guitar tracks.

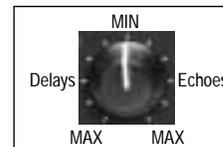
Tape slap becomes tape echo when the output of the tape is fed back into the input (feedback). This turns a single repeat into a series of repeats, each a little softer and a little darker than the last. This darkening is characteristic of the analog tape recording process. Digital delays do not have this characteristic; each repeat has the same exact timbre. For digital delays, loudness is the only difference from repeat to repeat.

Tape echo and digital delay are both useful, but different. Tape echo is warmer, allowing the original sound to distinguish itself. Digital delay presents a "perfect" copy of the original sound.

The Delay and Echo variations include mono (5.5 seconds), stereo (2.7 seconds), and 6-voice multi-tap

effects. Each program can be used for tape echo or digital delay effects.

When the Adjust knob is set to a value between 12:00 and 5:00 o'clock, tape echo effects are produced. Each repeat is darker and softer. When the Adjust knob is set to a value between 7:00 and 12:00 o'clock, digital delay effects are produced. Each repeat is the same timbre, but softer.



In variations 1 to 8, the Adjust knob sets the amount of feedback with an increasing number of repeats as the setting is increased. Delay time is set with Tap. Each program is preset with a different rhythm. In variations 9 to 16, the amount of feedback is preset and the Adjust knob determines the delay time.

With all Delay and Echo effects, note the way the repeats fall rhythmically to the beat. The most effective Delay and Echo patterns are those that lock with the tempo of the music.

VARIATIONs	Adjust	Tap
1 Mono Quarter-Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time
2 Stereo Quarter-Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time
3 Triplet Shuffle	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time
4 Dotted Eighth-Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time
5 Eighth-Note and Triplet	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time
6 Ping Pong Quarter-Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time
7 Triplet Rhythm 1	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time
8 Triplet Rhythm 2	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 4-16 for more information.

VARIATIONs	Adjust	Tap
9 Mono	Delay/Echo Time: 0 to 5.5 sec *	–
10 Stereo	Delay/Echo Time: 0 to 2.7 sec *	–
11 Tape Slap	Delay/Echo Time: 3 3/4 to 30ips **	–
12 Multi Bounce	Delay/Echo Time: 0 to 100ms *	–
13 Multi Linear	Delay/Echo Time: 0 to 400ms *	–
14 Multi Inverse	Delay/Echo Time: 0 to 400ms *	–
15 Multi Repeat	Delay/Echo Time: 0 to 150ms + Fbk *	–
16 Multi Pong	Delay/Echo Time: 0 to 200ms + Fbk *	–

** The Adjust knob functions as a four-position switch in these variations. See page 4-8 for more information.

SPECIAL FX

Special FX VARIATIONS	Adjust*	Tap
1 Infinite Reverb	High Cut	Echo
2 The Abyss	±Pitch Blend	–
3 Jet Flange	Tone	Rate (Whole Note)
4 Chorus Verb	High Cut	–
5 Rotary Delay	Dly/Echo Time: 0 to 150ms + Feedback	Rate (1/4 Note)
6 Fader Verb	Input Volume	Echo
7 PCM 60 - LgSize	Decay Time	–
8 LowRumble	Decay Time	–

Special FX VARIATIONS	Adjust*	Tap
9 Ducking Reverb	Decay Time	–
10 Ducking Chorus>Delay	±Resonance	–
11 Ducking Triplets	Delay/Echo Feedback	–
12 Subdividing Delay	Beat Value: 1/32-Whole Note	Delay Time
13 Panning Delays	Delay/Echo Feedback	–
14 Dream Sequence	±Shift Amount	–
15 Infinite Repeat	Feedback: 0 to Infinite	Delay Time (Whole Note)
16 Diffusor	Diffusion	–

* The Adjust knob function differs in each of the Special FX variations. It is recommended to experiment with each program. See page 2-2 for more information about Adjust knob functions.

DUAL PROGRAMS

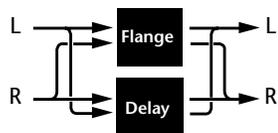
The DUAL Programs combine Delay with Reverb, or either Delay or Reverb with Chorus, Flange, or Pitch. Four routing configurations are used in the variations of each DUAL program: Dual Stereo (Parallel), Cascade, Mono Split, and Dual Mono.

Variation knob settings are configured as follows:

- Variations 1 to 6 are arranged in the Dual Stereo (Parallel) configuration - two stereo effects placed next to one another to receive and output stereo audio from both the left and right channels.

- Variations 7 to 10 are arranged in the Cascade configuration - two stereo effects, one placed after the other. For example, in Flange-Delay, Flange passes its stereo signal to Delay.
- Variations 11 to 14 are arranged in the Mono Split configuration, which is similar to the Dual Stereo (Parallel) configuration. One effect (Flange) receives audio from the left input and the other effect (Delay) receives audio from the right input. Both effects output stereo audio.
- Variations 15 and 16 are arranged in the Dual Mono configuration where one effect (Flange) appears on the left channel only, while the other effect (Delay) appears on the right channel only.

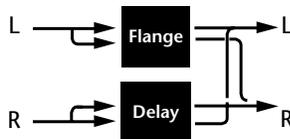
Dual Stereo (Parallel)



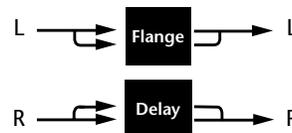
Cascade



Mono Split



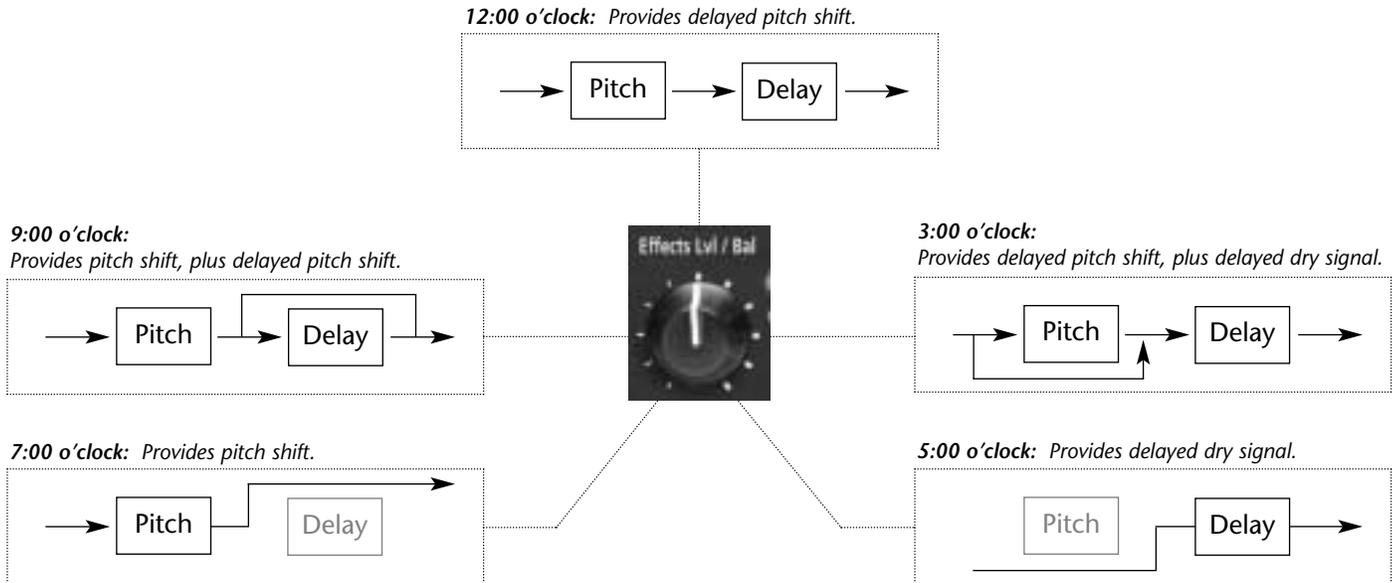
Dual Mono



EFFECTS LVL/BAL

The front panel Effects Lvl/Bal knob controls the relative balance of each effect in the DUAL program. In Cascade variations, the knob also varies the amount of the first effect or dry signal fed into the second effect.

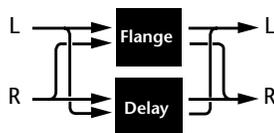
The illustration below uses the Pitch-Delay program to show the behavior of the Effects Lvl/Bal knob at certain settings when a Cascade variation is selected.



FLANGE-DELAY

Flange-Delay VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
1 Deep Flange - Stereo Delay	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time (1/4 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
2 Deep Flange - Stereo Delay	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Dotted (1/8 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
3 Deep Flange - Stereo Delay	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Triplet (1/8 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
4 Light Flange - Ping Pong	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time (1/4 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
5 Light Flange - Repeat	D/E Time: 0 to 150ms, Fbk	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
6 Light Flange - Bounce	D/E Time: 0 to 200ms, Fbk	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
7 Deep Flange>Stereo Delay	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time (1/4 Note)	Cascade
8 Deep Flange>Repeat	D/E Time: 0 to 150ms, Fbk	–	Cascade

Dual Stereo (Parallel)



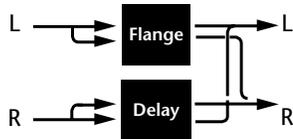
Cascade



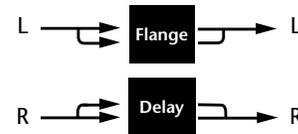
Flange-Delay VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
9 Deep Flange>Ping Pong	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time (1/4 Note)	Cascade
10 Deep Flange>Bounce	D/E Time: 0 to 200ms, Fbk	–	Cascade
11 Light Flange+Stereo Delay	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time (1/4 Note)	Mono Split
12 Light Flange+Ping Pong	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time (1/4 Note)	Mono Split
13 Light Flange+Repeat	D/E Time: 0 to 150ms, Fbk	–	Mono Split
14 Light Flange+Bounce	D/E Time: 0 to 200ms, Fbk	–	Mono Split
15 Deep Flange/Mono Delay	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time (1/4 Note)	Dual Mono
16 Deep Flange/Mono Delay	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Dly Time (Dotted 1/4 Note)	Dual Mono

* In these variations, the Adjust knob functions as it does in the Delay, Echo variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

Mono Split



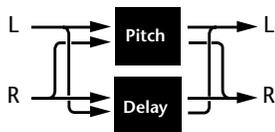
Dual Mono



PITCH-DELAY

Pitch-Delay VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
1 5th Up/Down - Stereo 1/4 Note	± 5 th *	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
2 Octave Up/Down - Triplet Shuffle	± 1 octave *	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
3 Octave Up/Down - Eighth and Triple	± 1 octave *	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
4 3rd Up/4th Up - Ping Pong 1/4 Note	Minor 3rd to 4th Up	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
5 4th Up/5th Up - Triplet Rhythm 1	4th to 5th Up	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
6 5th Up/6th Up - Triplet Rhythm 2	5th to 6th Up	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
7 Octave Up/Down > Triplet Rhythm 1	± 1 octave *	Delay Time	Cascade
8 5th Up/Down > Stereo 1/4 Note	± 5 th *	Delay Time	Cascade

Dual Stereo (Parallel)



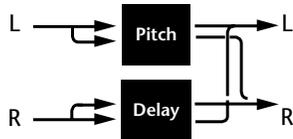
Cascade



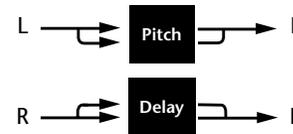
Pitch-Delay VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
9 Major/Minor	Minor/Major 3rd w/ Fbk	Delay Time	Cascade
10 Intervals Up	Ascending Intervals w/Fbk	Delay Time	Cascade
11 5th Up/Down + Stereo 1/4 Note	± 5 th *	Delay Time	Mono Split
12 Octave Up/Down + Triplet Shuffle	± 1 octave *	Delay Time	Mono Split
13 4th Up/5th Up + Triplet Rhythm 1	4th to 5th Up	Delay Time	Mono Split
14 5th Up/6th Up + Triplet Rhythm 2	5th to 6th Up	Delay Time	Mono Split
15 Octave Up/Down / Mono 1/4 Note	± 1 octave *	Delay Time	Dual Mono
16 Octave Up/Down / Triplet Shuffle	± 1 octave *	Delay Time	Dual Mono

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

Mono Split



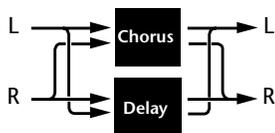
Dual Mono



CHORUS-DELAY

Chorus-Delay VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
1 Rich Chorus 1 - Stereo 1/4 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
2 Rich Chorus 1 - Dotted 1/8 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
3 Rich Chorus 1 - 1/8 Note and Triplet	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
4 Rich Chorus 1 - Ping Pong 1/4 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
5 Rich Chorus 1 - Multi Repeat	D/E Time: 0 to 150ms, Fbk	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
6 Rich Chorus 1 - Multi Pong	D/E Time: 0 to 200ms, Fbk	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
7 Rich Chorus 1 > Stereo 1/4 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Cascade
8 Rich Chorus 2 > Multi Repeat	D/E Time: 0 to 150ms, Fbk	–	Cascade

Dual Stereo (Parallel)



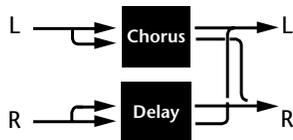
Cascade



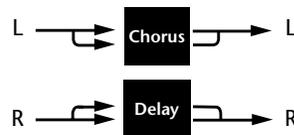
Chorus-Delay VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
9 Rich Chorus 2 > Ping Pong 1/4 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Cascade
10 Rich Chorus 3 > Multi Pong	D/E Time: 0 to 200ms, Fbk	–	Cascade
11 Rich Chorus 1 + Stereo 1/4 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Mono Split
12 Rich Chorus 1 + Ping Pong 1/4 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Mono Split
13 Rich Chorus 1 + Crossfeed	D/E Time: 0 to 150ms, Fbk	–	Mono Split
14 Rich Chorus 1 + Multi Pong	D/E Time: 0 to 200ms, Fbk	–	Mono Split
15 Rich Chorus 4 Mono 1/4 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Dual Mono
16 Rich Chorus 4 Dotted 1/8 Note	Delay/Echo Feedback *	Delay Time	Dual Mono

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

Mono Split



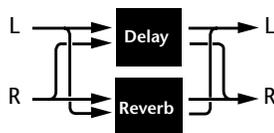
Dual Mono



DELAY-REVERB

Delay-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap	Routing
1 Stereo 1/4 Note - Small Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
2 Triplet Shuffle - Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
3 1/8 Note and Triplet - Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
4 Ping Pong 1/4 Note - Small Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
5 Triplet Rhythm 1 - Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
6 Triplet Rhythm 2 - Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
7 Stereo 1/4 Note > Room	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade
8 1/8 Note and Triplet > Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade

Dual Stereo (Parallel)



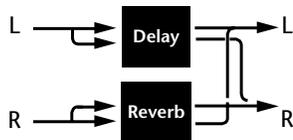
Cascade



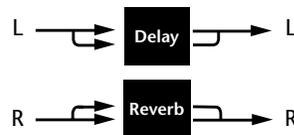
Delay-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap	Routing
9 Triplet Rhythm 1 > Room	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade
10 Triplet Rhythm 2 > Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade
11 Stereo 1/4 Note + Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
12 Ping Pong 1/4 Note + Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
13 Triplet Rhythm 1 + Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
14 Triplet Rhythm 2 + Small Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
15 Mono 1/4 Note / Room	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Mono
16 Triplet Rhythm 2 / Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Mono

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

Mono Split



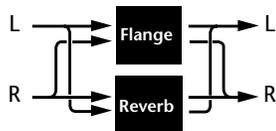
Dual Mono



FLANGE-REVERB

Flange-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap	Routing
1 Light Flange - Small Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
2 Light Flange - Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
3 Light Flange - Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
4 Deep Flange - Small Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
5 Deep Flange - Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
6 Deep Flange - Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
7 Light Flange - Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade
8 Deep Flange - Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade

Dual Stereo (Parallel)



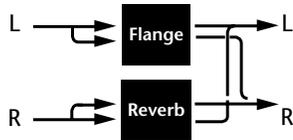
Cascade



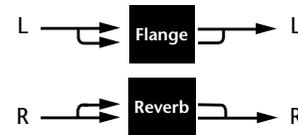
Flange-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap	Routing
9 Light Flange > Room	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade
10 Deep Flange > Room	Decay Time	Delay Time	Cascade
11 Light Flange + Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
12 Light Flange + Room	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
13 Deep Flange + Medium Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
14 Deep Flange + Room	Decay Time	Delay Time	Mono Split
15 Light Flange / Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Mono
16 Light Flange / Large Space	Decay Time	Delay Time	Dual Mono

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

Mono Split



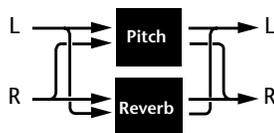
Dual Mono



PITCH-REVERB

Pitch-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
1 Minor 3rd to 4th - Room	3rd to 4th Up	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
2 4th to 5th - Room	4th to 5th Up	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
3 5th to 6th - Room	5th to 6th Up	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
4 ± 1 Octave - Medium Space	± 1 Octave *	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
5 Power Chords - Medium Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
6 Manual Detune - Room	Detuning	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
7 $\pm 100 >$ Small Space	± 100 Cents *	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Cascade
8 Power Chords $>$ Large Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Cascade

Dual Stereo (Parallel)



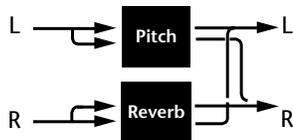
Cascade



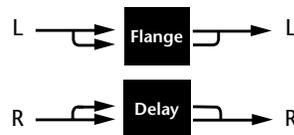
Pitch-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust	Tap	Routing
9 4ths > Medium Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Cascade
10 Octaves > Medium Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Cascade
11 4th to 5th + Room	4th to 5th Up	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Mono Split
12 5th to 6th + Room	5th to 6th Up	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Mono Split
13 4ths + Large Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Mono Split
14 Octaves + Medium Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Mono Split
15 Octaves / Medium Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Mono
16 4ths / Large Space	Decay Time	PreDelay (1/32 Note)	Dual Mono

* The Adjust knob functions as a bipolar control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

Mono Split



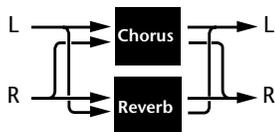
Dual Mono



CHORUS-REVERB

Chorus-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap	Routing
1 Rich Chorus 1 - Small Space	Decay Time	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
2 Rich Chorus 1 - Medium Space	Decay Time	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
3 Rich Chorus 1 - Large Space	Decay Time	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
4 Rich Chorus 2 - Small Space	Decay Time	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
5 Rich Chorus 2 - Medium Space	Decay Time	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
6 Rich Chorus 2 - Large Space	Decay Time	–	Dual Stereo (Parallel)
7 Rich Chorus 1 > Room	Liveness	–	Cascade
8 Rich Chorus 2 > Room	Liveness	–	Cascade

Dual Stereo (Parallel)



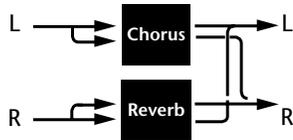
Cascade



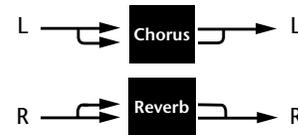
Chorus-Reverb VARIATIONS	Adjust *	Tap	Routing
9 Rich Chorus 3 > Room	Liveness	–	Cascade
10 Rich Chorus 1 > Small Space	Decay Time	–	Cascade
11 Rich Chorus 1 + Small Space	Decay Time	–	Mono Split
12 Rich Chorus 2 + Medium Space	Decay Time	–	Mono Split
13 Rich Chorus 2 + Large Space	Decay Time	–	Mono Split
14 Rich Chorus 1 + Large Space	Decay Time	–	Mono Split
15 Rich Chorus 1 / Room	Liveness	–	Dual Mono
16 Rich Chorus 4 / Room	Liveness	–	Dual Mono

* The Adjust knob functions as a linear control in these variations. See page 2-2 for more information.

Mono Split



Dual Mono



USER PROGRAMS

When the PROGRAM knob is set to User, VARIATION knob settings 1 to 16 each select one memory location available for storing User programs. When shipped, these locations will contain duplicates of preset programs. The table at the right lists the factory-default preset stored in each User memory location.

VARIATION	Preset
1	Medium Plate (Plate 2)
2	Straight Gate (Gate 9)
3	Synth Hall (Hall 5)
4	Medium Hall (Hall 6)
5	Percussion 2 (Chamber 13)
6	Small Ambience (Ambience 3)
7	Rehearsal Room (Room 14)
8	Rectified Sine Wave (Tremolo 1)
9	Rotary (Rotary 9)
10	Tap Rotary (Rotary 15)
11	Rich Chorus (Chorus 3)
12	Light Flange: out of phase sweep (Flange 12)
13	Semi-tone Shift (Pitch 1)
14	FullRange (Detune 12)
15	Triplet Rhythm 2 (Delay, Echo 8)
16	Multi Bounce (Delay, Echo 12)

5

MIDI Operation

Learn Mode	5-2
Program Load Channel	5-3
Program Change Messages	5-4
<i>Loading Programs • Activating Tap and Bypass Functions</i>	
Learning Continuous Controllers.....	5-6
Clearing a Learned Assignment.....	5-7
MIDI Clock.....	5-8
MIDI Dumps	5-8
MIDI Sysex Messages	5-9
Permanent MIDI Patches.....	5-9
MIDI Implementation Chart.....	5-12

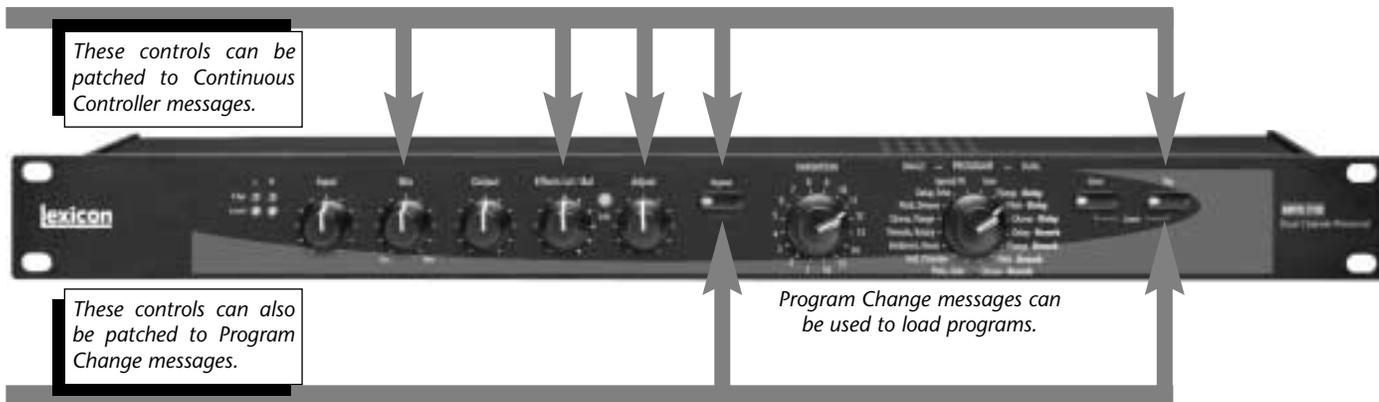
LEARN MODE

Learn Mode enables the MPX 110 to “learn” MIDI Program Change and Continuous Controller messages. To activate and deactivate Learn Mode, press the Store and Tap buttons simultaneously. The Store LED will flash slowly and the Tap LED will light to indicate that Learn Mode is active.

Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to activate and deactivate Learn Mode.



The unit supports five learned patches for the front panel Mix, Effects Lvl/Bal, Adjust, Bypass, and Tap controls. Program Change messages 0 to 15 are reserved for executing program loads. The Program Load function can also be assigned to a separate MIDI channel (see page 5-3).



PROGRAM LOAD CHANNEL

The MPX 110 is designed to have one MIDI channel dedicated to loading programs, called the Program Load MIDI Channel. This allows Program Change messages to load programs.

The Program Load channel can be the same channel that is used to receive other Program Change messages for Learned Patches. However, numbers 0 to 15 will always load the 16 variations of the selected program. Program Change messages 0 to 15 will be ignored on all other MIDI channels.

MIDI channel 1 is the default Program Load channel. To assign this function to a different channel:

1. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to activate Learn Mode. The Store LED will flash slowly and the Tap LED will light to indicate that Learn Mode is active.

2. Send a Program Change message to the unit. The Edit LED will flash to indicate incoming MIDI activity.
3. The unit learns the MIDI channel of the transmitting device, and reassigns the Program Load function to that channel.
4. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to deactivate Learn Mode.

The unit will remember the Program Load channel assignment until the Program Load Channel is reassigned using the same procedure.

PROGRAM CHANGE MESSAGES

LOADING PROGRAMS

Standard MIDI Program Change messages can be used to load all 240 preset and 16 User programs. The unit conforms to the use of MIDI Continuous Controller 32 to execute Bank Select messages. For purposes of this section, each PROGRAM knob setting selects a “bank” of 16 programs. These banks are numbered as indicated in the table at the right.

When a standard MIDI Program Change message is sent to the unit on its Program Load channel, Program Change messages 0 to 15 will load program variations 1 to 16 from the selected program bank. When a Bank Select message is sent to the unit with Continuous Controller 32 before the Program Change message, any one of the 256 programs can be loaded.

For example, the PROGRAM knob is set to Plate, Gate:

- Sending Program Change 1 will load the first Plate program.
- Sending Controller 32 with a value of 0 followed by Program Change 1 will load the first program in the User bank.
- Sending Controller 32 with a value of 1 followed by Program Change 2 will load the second program in the Flange-Delay bank.

MPX 110 Program Banks

0	User
1	Flange-Delay
2	Pitch-Delay
3	Chorus-Delay
4	Delay-Reverb
5	Flange-Reverb
6	Pitch-Reverb
7	Chorus-Reverb
8	Plate, Gate
9	Hall, Chamber
10	Ambience, Room
11	Tremolo, Rotary
12	Chorus, Flange
13	Pitch, Detune
14	Delay, Echo
15	Special FX

- Sending Controller 32 with a value of 8 followed by Program Change 15 will load the last Gate program in the Plate, Gate bank.

Once a bank is selected with the PROGRAM knob, all subsequent Program Change messages will select programs within that bank until a new value for Controller 32 is received, or until the PROGRAM or VARIATION knobs are adjusted.

MIDI Program Change messages can be disabled in System Mode with the MIDI Pgm Change parameter (see page 3-4 for more information).

ACTIVATING BYPASS OR TAP FUNCTIONS

The unit can recognize MIDI Program Change messages 16 to 127 (17 to 128 on some MIDI devices) on any channels.

To assign a Program Change message to the Bypass or Tap controls:

1. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to activate Learn mode. The Store LED will flash slowly and the Tap LED will light to indicate that Learn Mode is active.
2. Press the desired front panel button - Bypass or Tap.
3. Send a MIDI Program Change message to the MPX 110. The Edit LED will flash to indicate incoming MIDI activity.
4. Press the Store button to commit the assignment. The Store LED will flash repeatedly.
5. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to deactivate Learn Mode.

Some MIDI controllers do not allow repeated Program Change messages to be sent with a single button. To assist these controllers, the unit also recognizes the next highest Program Change message with each Program Change message it learns for Bypass and Tap. For

instance, if Program Change 20 is learned as the source for Bypass, Program Change 21 will also control Bypass functions. To avoid conflicting Bypass and Tap assignments, leave a space between the assignments of these two buttons. For instance, if Program Change 20 is learned for Bypass, remember that 21 will also be learned. Skip to Program Change 22 (and consequently 23) for Tap.

LEARNING CONTINUOUS CONTROLLERS

The unit recognizes Pitch Bend, AfterTouch, and MIDI Continuous Controllers 1 to 31 and 33 to 119.

To learn a Continuous Controller:

1. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to activate Learn mode. The Store LED will flash slowly and the Tap LED will light to indicate that Learn Mode is active.
2. Adjust the desired front panel control - Mix, Effects Lvl/Bal, Adjust, Bypass, or Tap - to assign it to the controller.
3. Move the MIDI controller through its full range. To utilize a portion of the controller range, limit this movement to the desired range. The Edit LED will flash to indicate incoming MIDI activity.
4. Press the Store button to commit to the assignment. The Store LED will flash quickly.
5. To assign another front panel control, repeat steps 2 to 4.
6. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to deactivate Learn Mode.

Note:

When a MIDI controller has been assigned to the Bypass control, moving the controller above the mid-point of its learned range engages Bypass. Moving the controller below the mid-point range disengages Bypass. When a MIDI controller has been assigned to the Tap control, moving the controller above the mid-point of its learned range will "tap" the control as if the Tap button had been pressed.

CLEARING A LEARNED ASSIGNMENT

To clear a learned assignment:

1. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to activate Learn mode. The Store LED will flash slowly and the Tap LED will light to indicate that Learn Mode is active.
2. Adjust the desired front panel control - Mix, Effects Lvl/Bal, Adjust, Bypass, or Tap.

Note:

Be careful that any attached MIDI device (such as a footpedal) does not accidentally send any learnable message. If it does, that will be learned as a new patch.

3. Press Store to clear the assignment. The Store LED will flash quickly.

4. To clear another front panel assignment, repeat steps 2 and 3.
5. Simultaneously press the Store and Tap buttons to deactivate Learn Mode.

Learnable Front Panel Controls and Assignable MIDI Sources

Front Panel Control	Controllers 1 to 31, 33 to 119	Pgm Change 100 to 127 *
Mix	Yes	No
Effects Lvl/Bal	Yes	No
Adjust	Yes	No
Bypass	Yes	Yes
Tap/Cancel	Yes	Yes

* Program Change numbers 0 to 15 will be ignored, except on the MIDI channel assigned the Program Load function.

MIDI CLOCK

The unit can use MIDI Clock messages to apply tempo (40 to 400bpm) to programs that use the Tap Tempo feature. Connect a MIDI device that outputs MIDI Clock, such as the MPX R1 foot controller or a MIDI sequencer, to the MPX 110 MIDI IN connector. The unit will automatically recognize and begin to process MIDI Clock messages. When the tempo of the connected device changes, the unit will automatically adjust its delay times and modulation rates to match the new tempo.

This feature can be disabled with the MIDI Clock Receive parameter in System Mode (see page 3-5).

MIDI DUMPS

MIDI Dumps can be used to save the 16 User programs, the selected program, or the System Mode settings and Learned Patch assignments to a storage device (typically a MIDI sequencer). MIDI Dumps are performed in System Mode.

To perform a dump of the User programs, the selected program, or the System Mode settings and Learned Patches:

1. Press and hold the Bypass button for 2 seconds. The Bypass and Store LEDs will blink to indicate that System Mode is active.
2. Set the VARIATION knob to:
 - 14 to dump the User programs
 - 15 to dump the currently active (or loaded) program
 - 16 to dump the System Mode settings and Learned Patch assignments
3. Press Store to execute the dump.
4. Press Bypass to deactivate System Mode.

MIDI SYSEX MESSAGES

MIDI Sysex messages can be used to access all algorithm parameters. More information about using this advanced feature with the MPX 110 and other Lexicon products is available at www.lexicon.com. The website offers instructions, sample messages, and a complete table of parameter Sysex addresses.

Note:

Executing MIDI Sysex messages is a complicated process. Please observe the cautionary notes included on the website.

PERMANENT MIDI PATCHES

In order to provide additional MIDI control, the MPX 110 recognizes permanent, non-learnable MIDI patches. These patches connect designated Continuous Controllers to specific audio parameters that are not directly accessible on the front panel.

The parameters controlled and the Controller patched to each are different for each algorithm, and are shown in

the table on page 5-10. The MPX 110 recognizes these permanent patches on the current Program Load channel only.

Note:

To use a permanently patched Controller for a Learned patch, make the unit learn that patch on a different channel. If a Controller is used for both a permanent and Learned patch on the same channel, the result will be unpredictable.

In some cases, a patched parameter may also be controlled by the Adjust knob. If so, either control will function and will override any adjustment made by the other.

Note:

Permanent MIDI patches will be disabled when the System Mode parameter MIDI Patching is set to Disabled.

Permanent MIDI Patches (continued)

CC	Plate	Chamber	Inverse	Ambience	Chorus	Delay w/ Chorus	Flange	Delay w/ Flange	Detune
1	Decay	Decay	Duration	DecayTime	KorRate1	KorRate1	FlgRate	FlgRate	Detune1
2	PreDelay	PreDelay	PreDelay	PreDelay	KorRate2	KorRate2	FlgDepth	FlgDepth	Detune2
3	RTHiCut	RTHiCut	LowSlope	HighCut	KorDepth1	KorDepth1	FlgRes	FlgRes	–
4	Bassmult	Bassmult	HighSlope	DecayLvl	KorDepth2	KorDepth2	FlgBlend	FlgBlend	–
5	Bassxover	Bassxover	Crossover	–	KorRes1	KorRes1	–	DMstrDly	–
6	–	–	RTHiCut	–	KorRes2	KorRes2	–	DMstrFbk	–
7	Rolloff	Rolloff	Rolloff	Rolloff	KorSpread	KorSpread	RTHiCut	FlgHiCut	RTHiCut
8	–	–	–	–	RTHiCut	KorHiCut	–	DlyHiCut	–
9	–	–	–	–	–	MstrDly	–	–	–
10	–	–	–	–	–	MstrFbk	–	–	–
11	–	–	–	–	–	DlyHiCut	–	–	–
12	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
13	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
15	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
16	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
17	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

CC	Pitch *	Rotary	Tremolo	Rotary w/ Delay	Delay	Chorus w/ Reverb	Pitch w/ Reverb	Reverb w/ Delay, Flange, or Detune
1	Interval2	MstrRate	Rate	MstrRate	MstrDly	Decay	Decay	Decay
2	Pitch2	MstrDepth	Depth	MstrDepth	MstrFbk	PreDelay	PreDelay	PreDelay
3	Interval1	Resnce1	Phase	Resnce1	MstrXFbk	RTHiCut	RTHiCut	RTHiCut
4	Pitch1	Resnce2	Waveform	Resnce2	RTHiCut	Bassmult	Bassmult	Bassmult
5	Fbk2	Width	–	Width	DlyLeft1	Bassxover	Bassxover	Bassxover
6	Fbk1	–	–	MstrDly	DlyLeft2	–	–	–
7	RTHiCut	RTHiCut	RTHiCut	RtryHiCut	DlyLeft3	RvbHiCut	RvbHiCut	RvbHiCut
8	–	–	–	DlyHiCut	RTHiCut	KorHiCut	PchHiCut	(Other Effect) HiCut
9	–	–	–	–	LvlLeft1	–	–	–
10	–	–	–	–	LvlLeft2	–	–	–
11	–	–	–	–	LvlLeft3	–	–	–
12	–	–	–	–	DlyRight1	–	–	–
13	–	–	–	–	DlyRight2	–	–	–
14	–	–	–	–	DlyRight3	–	–	–
15	–	–	–	–	LvlRight1	–	–	–
16	–	–	–	–	LvlRight2	–	–	–
17	–	–	–	–	LvlRight3	–	–	–

* Only Voice 2 is functional in stereo mode presets.

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

Function		Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Basic Channel	Default	X	1	Learned
	Channel	X	1-16	
Mode	Default		Mode 2	
	Messages Altered	X	X	
Note Number		X	X	
	True Voice			
Velocity	Note ON	X	X (Off=9, v=0)	
	Note OFF	X	X	
After Touch	Keys	X	X	Used as controller Learned
	Channels	X	OX	
Pitch Blender		X	OX	Used as controller Learned
Control Change		X	OX	1 to 119 (0 to 32 used as Bank Select) Learned

Function		Transmitted	Recognized	Remarks
Program Change	True #	X	0 to 15 = 1 to 16	16 to 127 ignored; Program Change messages 1 to 15 = Program Change messages 1 to 16 for selected program bank
	Bank Select	X	X	
System Exclusive	Lexicon	O	O	Product ID = 14 (decimal) Device ID = MIDI Channel 0 to 15 = 1 to 16
	Real Time	X	X	
	non-Real Time	X	X	
System Common	:Song Pos	X	X	
	:Song Sel	X	X	
System Real Time	:Tune	X	X	
	:Clock	X	O	
Aux Messages	:Commands	X	X	
	:Local ON/OFF	X	X	
	:All Notes OFF	X	X	
	:Active Sense	X	X	
	:Reset	X	X	
Mode 1: OMNI ON, POLY		Mode 2: OMNI ON, MONO		O: Yes
Mode 3: OMNI OFF, POLY		Mode 4: OMNI OFF, MONO		X: No
				OX: Selectable

A



Appendix

Specifications	A-2
Declaration of Conformity	A-3

SPECIFICATIONS

Audio Inputs (2)

<i>Level</i>	-30dBu to +4dBu
<i>Impedance</i>	500K unbalanced 1/4-inch connectors for direct instrument input (unit detects a mono input on the right input)

Audio Outputs (2)

<i>Level</i>	+8dBu typical
<i>Impedance</i>	75Ω 1/4-inch connectors for headphone output (right used for mono output; left used for stereo headphones)

Digital Audio Output

<i>Connector</i>	24-bit digital S/PDIF output (always active) Coaxial RCA
<i>Sample Rate</i>	44.1kHz

Footswitch

Tip/Ring/Sleeve phone jack for Bypass
and Tap (optional)

Frequency Response

Wet/Dry: 20Hz-20kHz, ±1dB

THD+N

<0.05%, 20Hz-20kHz

Dynamic Range

<i>A/A</i>	>95dB typical, 20Hz-20kHz, unweighted
<i>A/D</i>	>100dB typical, 20Hz-20kHz, unweighted
<i>Conversion</i>	24-bits analog-to-digital, 24-bits digital-to-analog, 44.1kHz sample rate
<i>Crosstalk</i>	>45dB

Internal Audio Data Path

DSP 24-bit

Power Requirements

9VAC wall transformer provided in North
America and Europe
No-transformer option available

Dimensions

<i>Width</i>	19 inches (483mm)
<i>Height</i>	1.75 inches (45mm)
<i>Depth</i>	4 inches (102mm)

Weight

2 pounds, 2 ounces (0.959kg)

Environment

<i>Operating Temperature</i>	32 to 104°F (0 to 40°C)
<i>Relative Humidity</i>	95% Non-condensing

*Specifications are subject to
change without notice.*

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Application of Council Directive(s): 89/336/EEC and 93/68/EEC

Standard(s) to which Conformity is Declared: EN 55103-1 and EN 55103-2

Manufacturer: Lexicon, Inc., 3 Oak Park, Bedford, MA 01730-1441 USA
The equipment identified here conforms to the Directive(s) and Standard(s) specified above.

Type of Equipment: Dual Channel Processor

Model: Lexicon MPX 110

Date: February 2002

Lexicon, Inc.
Vice President of Engineering
3 Oak Park
Bedford, MA 01730-1441 USA
Tel: 781-280-0300
Fax: 781-280-0490



Index

Adjust Knob	1-5, 2-2, 2-4	Chorus-Delay	4-26 to 4-27	Dump System and Learned Patches *	3-5
ANALOG INPUTs	1-7	Chorus-Reverb	4-34 to 4-35	Dump User Programs *	3-5
ANALOG OUTPUTs	1-7	Clearing Learned Assignments	5-7	Echo, Delay Programs	4-16 to 4-17
Ambience Programs	4-6	Clip LEDs	1-4, 1-8	Edit LED	1-5, 2-4
Appendix	A-1 to A-3	Communications Notice	i	Editing Programs	2-4
Audio Connections, Making	1-9 to 1-10	Connections, Making	1-9 to 1-10	Effects Lvl/Bal Knob	1-5, 2-4, 4-21
Audio Levels, Setting	1-8	Connectors	1-6 to 1-7, 1-9 to 1-10	Flange Programs	4-13
Audio Tap	2-5	Continuous Controllers, Learning	5-6	Flange-Delay	4-22 to 4-23
Basic Operation	2-1 to 2-6	Declaration of Conformity	A-3	Flange-Reverb	4-30 to 4-31
Bipolar Control	2-2	Delay, Echo Programs	4-16 to 4-17	Footswitch	1-6, 1-9
Bypass	2-6	Delay-Reverb	4-28 to 4-29	Front Panel	1-4 to 1-5
Bypass Button	1-5, 5-5	Detune Programs	4-15	Gate Programs	4-3
Bypass Parameter *	3-4	Digital Output Parameter *	3-4	Getting Started	1-1 to 1-11
Cascade	4-20 to 4-21	Dual Mono	4-20	Global Tempo	2-6
CD-ROM, About the	iv to ix	DUAL Programs	2-2 to 2-3, 4-20 to 4-35	Hall Programs	4-4
Chamber Programs	4-5	Dual Stereo (Parallel)	4-20	Headphones	1-9
Chorus Programs	4-12	Dump Selected Program *	3-5	Input Knob	1-4

* Indicates System Mode parameters and functions.

Inputs	1-6 to 1-7, 1-9 to 1-10	Mono Split	4-21	Setting Audio Levels	1-8
Inspection Information	iv to ix	MPX 110, About the	1-2 to 1-3	SINGLE Programs	2-2 to 2-3, 4-2 to 4-19
Learn Mode	5-2	Output Knob	1-4	Special FX	2-3, 4-18 to 4-19
Learned Assignments, Clearing	5-7	Outputs	1-6 to 1-7, 1-9 to 1-10	Specifications	A-2
Learning Continuous Controllers	5-6	Parallel (Dual Stereo)	4-20 to 4-21	Store Button	1-5, 2-4 to 2-5
Level LEDs	1-4, 1-8	Permanent MIDI Patches	5-9 to 5-11	Storing Programs	2-4 to 2-5
Limited Warranty	Inside Back Cover	Pitch Programs	4-14	Sysex Messages	5-9
Linear Control	2-2	Pitch-Delay	4-21, 4-24 to 4-25	System Mode	3-1 to 3-5
Making Audio Connections	1-9 to 1-10	Pitch-Reverb	4-32 to 4-33	System Mode Parameters	3-3 to 3-5
MIDI Clock	5-8	Plate Programs	4-2	Table of Contents	ii to iii
MIDI Clock Receive Parameter *	3-5	Power Switch	1-6	Tap Button	1-5, 5-5
MIDI Dumps	3-5, 5-8	Program Change Messages	5-4 to 5-6	Tap Tempo	2-5 to 2-6
MIDI Implementation Chart	5-12 to 5-13	Program Descriptions	4-1 to 4-36	Tempo Parameter *	3-5
MIDI IN Connector	1-7	PROGRAM Knob	1-5, 2-2 to 2-3	Tip/Ring/Sleeve Connector	1-6
MIDI Learn Mode	5-2	Program Load Channel	5-3	Tremolo Programs	4-8 to 4-9
MIDI Operation	5-1 to 5-13	Program Load Parameter *	3-4	Unpacking Information	iv to ix
MIDI OUT/THRU Connector	1-7	Rear Panel	1-6 to 1-7	User Programs	2-2 to 2-3, 4-36
MIDI OUT/THRU Parameter *	3-4	Reinitialization	1-11	VARIATION Knob	1-5, 2-2 to 2-3
MIDI Patches, Permanent	5-9 to 5-11	Rhythm, Varying	2-5	Varying Rhythm	2-5
MIDI Patching Parameter *	3-4	Room Programs	4-7	Warranty	Inside Back Cover
MIDI Pgm Change Parameter *	3-4	Rotary Programs	4-10 to 4-11		
MIDI Program Change Messages	5-4 to 5-6	Routing Configuration	4-20 to 4-21		
MIDI Program Load Channel	5-3	S/PDIF OUT	1-7		
MIDI Sysex Messages	5-9	Safety Instructions	Inside Front Cover		
Mix Knob	1-4	Selecting Programs	2-2 to 2-3		

* Indicates System Mode parameters and functions.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Lexicon, Inc. offers the following warranty on this product:

What is the Duration of this Warranty?

This warranty will remain in effect for one (1) year from the original date of purchase.

Who is Covered?

This warranty may be enforced by the original purchaser and subsequent owners during the warranty period, provided the original dated sales receipt or other proof of warranty coverage is presented at time of service.

What is Covered?

This warranty covers all defects in material and workmanship on this product, except as specified below. The following are not covered:

1. Damage resulting from
 - A. Accident, misuse, abuse, or neglect.
 - B. Failure to follow instructions contained in the User Guide.
 - C. Repair or attempted repair unauthorized by Lexicon, Inc.
 - D. Failure to perform recommended periodic maintenance.
 - E. Causes other than product defects, including lack of skill, competence, or experience on the part of the owner.
2. Damage occurring during any shipment of this product. Claims for shipping damages must be made with the carrier.
3. Damage to a unit that has been altered, or on which the serial number has been defaced, modified, or removed.

What Expenses will Lexicon, Inc. Assume?

Lexicon, Inc. will pay all labor and material expenses for covered items. Payment of shipping charges is discussed in the next section of the warranty.

How is Service Obtained?

When this product needs service, write, telephone, or fax Lexicon, Inc. to request information about where the unit should be taken or sent. When making a written request, please include your name, complete address, and

daytime telephone number; the product model and serial numbers; and a description of the problem. Do not return the unit to Lexicon, Inc. without prior authorization.

When Shipping a Product for Service . . .

1. Pay any initial shipping charges, which are the responsibility of the owner. If necessary repairs are covered by this warranty, Lexicon, Inc. will pay return shipping charges to any destination in the United States using the carrier of our choice.
2. Pack the unit securely. Package insurance is strongly recommended.
3. Include a copy of the original dated sales receipt. (A copy of the original dated sales receipt must be presented when warranty service is required.)
4. Do not include accessories such as power cords or user guides unless instructed to do so.

What are the Limitations of Implied Warranties?

Any implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are limited in duration to the length of this warranty.

What Certain Damages are Excluded?

Lexicon's liability for a defective product is limited to repair or replacement of that product, at our option. Lexicon, Inc. shall not be liable for damages based on inconvenience; loss of use of the product; loss of time; interrupted operation; commercial loss; or any other damages, whether incidental, consequential, or otherwise.

How do State Laws Relate to this Warranty?

Some states do not allow limitations on the duration of implied warranties and/or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages. As such, the above limitations may not apply. This warranty is not enforceable outside of North America. This warranty provides specific legal rights. Additional rights may be provided by some states.



Lexicon, Inc.
3 Oak Park
Bedford, MA 01730-1441
USA

Tel 781-280-0300
Fax..781-280-0490

www.lexicon.com

Customer Support
Tel 781-280-0300
Fax..781-280-0495 (Sales)
Fax..781-280-0499 (Service)



lexicon

A Harman International Company

Lexicon, Inc.
3 Oak Park
Bedford, MA 01730-1441 USA
Tel 781-280-0300
Fax 781-280-0490
www.lexicon.com

Customer Support

Tel 781-280-0300
Fax 781-280-0495 (Sales)
Fax 781-280-0499 (Service)



A Harman International Company

Dry Tracks

This card lists the dry tracks included on the CD-ROM enclosed with this user guide.

Percussion

2	Bass Drum	(0:30)
3	Snare Drum 1	(0:46)
4	Snare Drum 2	(0:38)
5	Stick	(0:38)
6	Shaker	(0:39)
7	Claps	(0:41)
8	Conga	(0:48)
9	Table & Udo	(0:54)
10	Percussion 1	(1:00)
11	Percussion 2	(1:23)
12	Open Drum Kit	(1:16)
13	Funk Drum Kit	(1:08)
14	Fusion Drums & Bass	(0:33)
15	Funk Drums & Bass	(0:33)
16	Fusion Drums & Bass	(1:18)
17	Broadband Click	(0:38)
18	Narrowband Click	(0:38)

Guitar

19	Acoustic Chords 1	(0:59)
20	Acoustic Chords 2	(2:13)
21	Acoustic Chords 3	(1:12)
22	Acoustic Leads	(0:41)
23	Acoustic Stops	(0:36)
24	Electric Solo	(0:44)
25	Electric Clean & Fast	(0:32)
26	Electric Dirty	(1:24)
27	Electric Crunch	(0:38)

Bass

28	Slap (120 bpm)	(1:29)
29	Fingered (120 bpm)	(0:49)

WARNING

Do not play Track 1 on an audio CD player. It contains the computer portion of the disc and will emit full-scale digital noise.

Voice

30	Female Vocal 1	.(0:43)
31	Female Vocal 2	.(0:56)
32	Female Vocal 3	.(0:20)
33	Male Vocal 1	.(1:20)
34	Male Vocal 2	.(0:21)
35	Vocal Group 1	.(0:26)
36	Vocal Group 2	.(0:28)

Keyboard

37	Hammond 1	.(0:12)
38	Hammond 2	.(0:07)
39	Rhodes	.(0:59)

Horns

40	Horn Section 1	.(1:23)
41	Horn Section 2	.(1:36)
42	Sax Solo	.(0:30)
43	Tenor Sax Solo	.(2:21)

Miscellaneous

44	Flute Solo	.(0:24)
45	Accordian Solo	.(0:35)

Dual Mono (Left/Right)

46	Kick/Snare	.(0:30)
47	Kick/Bass	.(0:37)
48	African Bell/Slit Drum	.(0:43)
49	Acoustic Guitar/Vocal	.(0:23)
50	Electric Guitar/Vocal	.(1:31)
51	Church Guitars	.(0:36)
52	Ms. Pride/Xavier	.(1:04)

Post

53	Ambulance	.(0:19)
54	Motorcycle	.(1:08)
55	Street Noise	.(1:00)
56	Propeller Place	.(0:58)
57	Jet Airplane	.(1:02)
58	Pipe Band	.(1:20)
59	TV Music	.(0:18)
60	Monologue	.(1:06)

TOTAL TIME(54:31)